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APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.
10/646,425	08/22/2003	Emrah Acar	AUS920030496US1 9656	
7590 09/21/2005			EXAMINER	
Richard F. Frankeny			ROSSOSHEK, YELENA	
1201 Main Street P.O. Box 50784			ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER
Dallas, TX 75250-0784			2825	

DATE MAILED: 09/21/2005

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

	Application No.	Applicant(s)			
	10/646,425	ACAR ET AL.			
Office Action Summary	Examiner	Art Unit			
	Helen Rossoshek	2825			
The MAILING DATE of this communication appears on the cover sheet with the correspondence address Period for Reply					
A SHORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REPLY WHICHEVER IS LONGER, FROM THE MAILING DA - Extensions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFR 1.13 after SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication. If NO period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory period w - Failure to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by statute, Any reply received by the Office later than three months after the mailing earned patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).	ATE OF THIS COMMUNICATION 36(a). In no event, however, may a reply be timustilly apply and will expire SIX (6) MONTHS from a cause the application to become ABANDONE	N. nely filed the mailing date of this communication. D (35 U.S.C. § 133).			
Status					
Responsive to communication(s) filed on 22 Au This action is FINAL . 2b) ☑ This Since this application is in condition for allowant closed in accordance with the practice under E	action is non-final. nce except for formal matters, pro				
Disposition of Claims					
4) Claim(s) 1-20 is/are pending in the application. 4a) Of the above claim(s) is/are withdraw 5) Claim(s) is/are allowed. 6) Claim(s) 1-20 is/are rejected. 7) Claim(s) is/are objected to. 8) Claim(s) are subject to restriction and/or Application Papers	vn from consideration. r election requirement.				
 9) The specification is objected to by the Examiner 10) The drawing(s) filed on <u>22 August 2003</u> is/are: Applicant may not request that any objection to the of Replacement drawing sheet(s) including the correction 11) The oath or declaration is objected to by the Examiner 	a) \square accepted or b) \square objected the drawing (s) be held in abeyance. See ion is required if the drawing (s) is object.	e 37 CFR 1.85(a). jected to. See 37 CFR 1.121(d).			
Priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119					
 12) Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreign priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119(a)-(d) or (f). a) All b) Some * c) None of: 1. Certified copies of the priority documents have been received. 2. Certified copies of the priority documents have been received in Application No 3. Copies of the certified copies of the priority documents have been received in this National Stage application from the International Bureau (PCT Rule 17.2(a)). * See the attached detailed Office action for a list of the certified copies not received. 					
Attachment(s) 1) Notice of References Cited (PTO-892)	4) Interview Summary	(PTO-413)			
2) Notice of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948) 3) Information Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO-1449 or PTO/SB/08) Paper No(s)/Mail Date	Paper No(s)/Mail Da				

Art Unit: 2825

DETAILED ACTION

- 1. This office action is in response to the Application 10/545,425 filed 08/22/2003.
 - 2. Claims 1-20 are pending in the Application.

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 102

3. The following is a quotation of the appropriate paragraphs of 35 U.S.C. 102 that form the basis for the rejections under this section made in this Office action:

A person shall be entitled to a patent unless -

- (e) the invention was described in (1) an application for patent, published under section 122(b), by another filed in the United States before the invention by the applicant for patent or (2) a patent granted on an application for patent by another filed in the United States before the invention by the applicant for patent, except that an international application filed under the treaty defined in section 351(a) shall have the effects for purposes of this subsection of an application filed in the United States only if the international application designated the United States and was published under Article 21(2) of such treaty in the English language.
- 4. Claims 1-20 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 102(e) as being anticipated by Cohn et al. (US Patent 6,711,719).

The applied reference has a common assignee with the instant application. Based upon the earlier effective U.S. filing date of the reference, it constitutes prior art under 35 U.S.C. 102(e). This rejection under 35 U.S.C. 102(e) might be overcome either by a showing under 37 CFR 1.132 that any invention disclosed but not claimed in the reference was derived from the inventor of this application and is thus not the invention "by another," or by an appropriate showing under 37 CFR 1.131.

With respect to claims 1 and 11 Cohn et al. teaches a method for designing an integrated circuit (IC) having IC parameters including process, circuit, and environmental design parameters (col. 1, II.8-12), a computer program product for determining an average macro leakage power sensitivity for an IC parameter, the

Art Unit: 2825

computer program product embodied in a machine readable medium, including programming for a processor, the computer program comprising a program of instructions for performing the program steps (col. 22, II.44-48), comprising the steps of: using design tools to layout and configure circuit macros making up the IC as shown on the Figs. 2 and 3, wherein a layout of the logic network 10(portion of the integrated circuit) including logic blocks 42, 52 and 62 (circuit macros) are depicted and for defining a cut 35 to configure the blocks (col. 8, II.61-63; col. 9, II.46-50); determining a leakage power for each of the circuit macros within determining the information about a power leakage for each block (macro) (col. 3, II.5-6); determining average leakage power sensitivities for the circuit macros to variations in the IC parameters within sensitivity analysis in the form of a derivative of leakage power (average leakage power) (col. 11, II.59-67), wherein sensitive analysis includes evaluation of the potential network changes (parameter changes); selecting first parameters from the IC parameters in response to analyzing the average leakage power sensitivities by selecting the changes (parameters) of the network (macros) as the portion of the integrated circuit with evaluation of the benefit of the changes in term of variations of the leakage power derivative (col. 12, II.16-26); and reducing a leakage power for one or more selected circuit macros of the circuit macros of the IC by modifying one or more of the first parameters within changes in the network (macro) in the arbitrary manner to find an improvement (reducing leakage power) in the optimization objective (col. 12, II.17-22; col. 3, II.49-50).

With respect to claims 2-10 and 12-20 Cohn et al. teaches:

Art Unit: 2825

claims 2 and 12: wherein the circuit macros are classified as timing-noncritical circuit macros and timing-critical circuit macros, wherein the timing-noncritical circuit macros may have the IC parameters modified without significantly affecting an overall IC performance as shown on the Fog. 8a, wherein the gates (macros) are classified by size, and size is proportional to the timing criticality (gates with the bigger size are timing-critical circuits), and the leakage power is proportional to the circuit size (timing-critical circuits) (col. 17, II.50-53; II.57-58);

claims 3 and 13: wherein the one or more selected circuit macros correspond to timing-noncritical circuit macros within improved conventional method to reduce current leakage (col. 2, II.18-23), wherein conventional method includes selecting a portion of the non-timing critical logic path (col. 1, II.22-24);

claims 4 and 14: further comprising the step of determining a power dissipation margin as a difference between a first design power dissipation for the IC and a second power dissipation determined for the IC after the step of reducing the leakage power (col. 20, II.59-67);

claims 5 and 15: further comprising the step of redesigning one of the circuit macros corresponding to the timing-critical circuit macros using the power dissipation margin to improve a performance of the redesigned circuit macro while keeping the overall IC power substantially equal to or below the first design power dissipation for the IC as shown on the Figs. 8a and 8b, wherein change in the design of the logic network 159 (macro) is depicted, such as adding one more input to the gate GZ, which is timing

Art Unit: 2825

critical circuit (since has a bigger size=2) and has the largest leakage power (col. 18, II.14-16; II.30-34);

claims 6 and 16: wherein the average leakage sensitivity is determined by a method comprising the steps of: determining occurrence probabilities for each input node of the circuit macros as shown on the Figs. 10a and 10b, wherein node probabilities for net X shown on the Fig. 8a is depicted (col. 18, II.8-10); calculating state occurrence probabilities for each cell within the circuit macros within determining the probability of each input condition for each gate (cell) in the logic network 150 (macro) shown on the Fig. 8a; retrieving predetermined leakage data and leakage sensitivity data as a function of the IC parameters for cell inputs for the circuit macros from the cell library within replacing the cell (gate) in the logic network (macro) with another cell (col. 14, II.36-38), as a result of the sensitivity analysis (col. 14, II.21-23), wherein the information about replacement cell is retrieved from the library (col. 14, II.45-49); calculating an average leakage current for the circuit macros in response to the leakage data from the retrieving step, the occurrence probabilities for each of the input nodes of the circuit macro, and the state occurrence probabilities of each cell within the circuit macros within computation a leakage derivative for each gate as shown on the Fig. 5 (col. 13, II.3-8; col. 12, II.1-5); calculating an average leakage sensitivity for each circuit macro corresponding to each of the IC parameters in response to the leakage sensitivity data from the retrieving step, the occurrence probabilities for each of the input nodes of the circuit macro, and the state occurrence probabilities of each cell within the circuit macros within sensitivity analysis in the form of a derivative of leakage power (average

Art Unit: 2825

leakage power) (col. 11, II.59-67), wherein sensitive analysis includes evaluation of the potential network changes (parameter changes) (col. 13, II.1-3); and saving average leakage current sensitivity data for each parameter for each circuit macro for use in optimizing the IC design within binary decision diagram to store the probability occurrence of states and power leakage (col. 2, II.59-63; col. 2, II.67; col. 3, II.1-5, II.13-18, II.29-33).

claims 7 and 17: wherein the leakage data and the leakage sensitivity data for the IC parameters for the cell inputs are predetermined by using circuit analysis and circuit simulation tools (col. 4, II.21-24);

claims 8 and 18: wherein the step of calculating the average leakage current uses a method comprising the steps of: multiplying leakage currents for each logic state of each node of each cell of the circuit macro times corresponding logic state occurrence probabilities for each of the nodes generating a node leakage current for each node of each cell as demonstrated by calculation of the expected leakage of the gate with input probabilities p1 and p2 (col. 13, II.9-20; col. 17, II.60-63); summing the node leakage current across each node of the cell generating cell leakage currents (col. 13, II.22-25); and summing the cell leakage currents across each cell generating the average macro leakage current by calculating the total leakage derivative of the net (col. 13, II.25-26).

claims 9 and 19: of calculating the average leakage sensitivity for a parameter P of the IC parameters uses a method comprising the steps of: multiplying a leakage sensitivity for the parameter P for each logic state of each node of each cell of the circuit macro times corresponding logic state occurrence probabilities for each of the nodes

Art Unit: 2825

generating a node leakage sensitivity for each node of each cell (col. 13, II.47-49); summing the node leakage sensitivities across each node of the cell generating a cell leakage sensitivity for the parameter P (col. 13, II.49-55); and summing the cell leakage sensitivities across each cell of the macro generating the average macro leakage sensitivity (col. 13, II.49-59);

claims 10 and 20: further comprising the step of outputting the saved leakage sensitivity data during IC design in response to a designer request to evaluate affects of modifying the IC parameters to reduce a macro leakage current (col. 13, II.60-67).

Conclusion

Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to Helen Rossoshek whose telephone number is 571-272-1905. The examiner can normally be reached on 7:00-4:00.

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, Matthew S. Smith can be reached on 571-272-1907. The fax phone number for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned is 571-273-8300.

Application/Control Number: 10/646,425 Page 8

Art Unit: 2825

Information regarding the status of an application may be obtained from the Patent Application Information Retrieval (PAIR) system. Status information for published applications may be obtained from either Private PAIR or Public PAIR. Status information for unpublished applications is available through Private PAIR only. For more information about the PAIR system, see http://pair-direct.uspto.gov. Should you have questions on access to the Private PAIR system, contact the Electronic Business Center (EBC) at 866-217-9197 (toll-free).

Examiner Helen Rossoshek AU 2825

> A. M. Thompson Primary Examiner Technology Center 2800